



MCQs:

1. Which of the following statement/s is/are true?

1. Vaikom Satyagraha was a movement in Travancore for temple entry of the depressed classes.
2. Sree Narayana Guru also extended the Satyagraha his support and cooperation.

- (a) 1 only
(b) 2 only
(c) Both 1 and 2
(d) Neither 1 nor 2

Ans: c

Explanation:

- Vaikom Satyagraha (1924-25) was a movement in Travancore (modern-day Kerala) for temple entry of the depressed classes.
- Sree Narayana Guru also extended the Satyagraha his support and cooperation

2. Toranmal festival is associated with?

- (a) Bhil Tribes
(b) Kattunayakan tribe.
(c) Santhal tribes
(d) Tiwa Tribe

Ans: a

Explanation:

- Bhil tribes could be found at Chhattisgarh, Gujarat, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Andhra Pradesh, Rajasthan.
- Toranmal festival is the important festival.



3. Largest habitat of Horseshoe crabs in India is?

- (a) Odisha Coast
- (b) Gujarat Coast
- (c) Goan Coast
- (d) None of the above

Ans: a

Explanation:

- Odisha is their largest habitat in India
- Threats: Overharvesting for use as food, bait and biomedical testing

4. Which of the following statement/s are true?

1. ABPS is a bank led model which enables payment to Aadhar-linked bank account in a transparent manner.
2. National Automated Clearing House (NACH) is a web-based solution to facilitate interbank, high volume, electronic transactions of repetitive and periodic nature.

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

Ans: c

Explanation:

- ABPS is a bank led model which enables payment to Aadhar-linked bank account in a transparent manner. NACH is a web-based solution to facilitate interbank, high volume, electronic transactions of repetitive and periodic nature.



5. Vilayati Kikar (Prosopis juliflora) is in news. What is it?

- (a) Economically important medicinal plant
- (b) Important source of Biofuel
- (c) Invasive Specie
- (d) Nearly threatened indicator specie

Ans: c

Explanation:

- Vilayati Kikar (Prosopis juliflora) Vilayati Kikar is an invasive species first imported into India by British as an exotic and decorative species.